

Features

- Data-rate of I55Mbps operation
- 9 CWDM DFB wavelengths laser and PIN photodetector for 80km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic
 Monitoring:
 Internal Calibration or
 External Calibration
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard : 0 to +70°C

155Mbps CWDM SFP Optical Transceiver, 80km Reach

XSCxxC-80LY

Applications

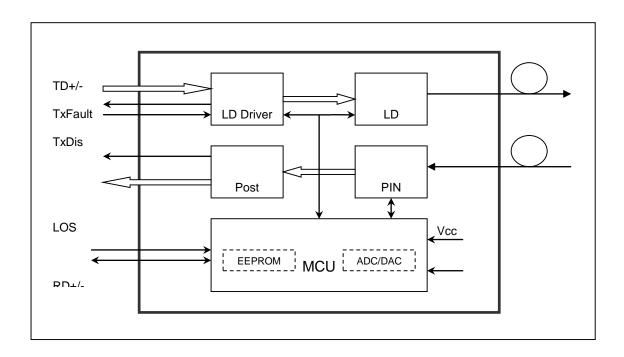
- o Gigabit Ethernet
- o Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- o Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

Description

- The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data-rate of I55Mbps and 80km transmission distance with SMF.
- The transceiver consists of three sections: an uncooled CWDM DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a transimpedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.
- The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.



Module Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table I - Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	95	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	Тс	0		+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		lcc			300	mA
Data Rate				155		Mbps

XSCxxC-80LY

See Table 3 below for "xx" values

Table 3 -λC Wavelength Guide

λC Wavelength Guide					
Code	λς	Unit	Code	λς	Unit
45	1450	nm	55	1550	nm
47	1470	nm	57	1570	nm
49	1490	nm	59	1590	nm
51	1510	nm	61	1610	nm
53	1530	nm			

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

XSCxxC-80LY: (CWDM and PIN, 80km Reach)

Table 4 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Para	meter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transmitte	r			
Centre '	Wavelength	λς	λc-6.5	λc	λc+6.5	nm	
Spectral \	Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode S	uppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average (Output Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	1
Extino	ction Ratio	ER	10			dB	
Jitter Gen	eration (RMS)				0.01	UI	
Jitter Gene	eration (PK-PK)				0.1	UI	
Output	Optical Eye	Complia	ant Telcordia	GR-253-CC	RE and ITU	-T G.957	
·	Optical Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)				0.26	ns	
Data Input S	wing Differential	VIN	300		1860	mV	2
Input Differe	ntial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
1 × Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TA Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiver				
Centre '	Wavelength	λς	1260		1620	nm	
Receive	er Sensitivity				-34	dBm	3

Receiver Overload		-3		dBm	3
LOS De-Assert	LOSD		-38	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45		dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		1	4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential	Vout	370	1800	mV	4
LOS	High	2.0	Vcc	V	
LOS	Low	0	0.8	V	

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2²³-1 test pattern @155Mbps, BER ≤1×10⁻¹².
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Table 5 - Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	V_L			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Table 6 – Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External
TX Power	-5 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External
RX Power	-33 to -9	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External

Pin Definitions

20	VeeT	1 VeeT		
19	TD-	2 TxFault		
18	TD+	3 Tx Disable		
17	VeeT	4 MOD-DEF(2)		
16	VccT	5 MOD-DEF(1)		
15	VccR	6 MOD-DEF(0)		
14	VeeR	7 Rate Select		
13	RD+	8 LOS		
12	RD-	9 VeeR		
11	VeeR	10 VeeR		
	Top of Board (as viewed thru top of board)			

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V_{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	Vccr	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

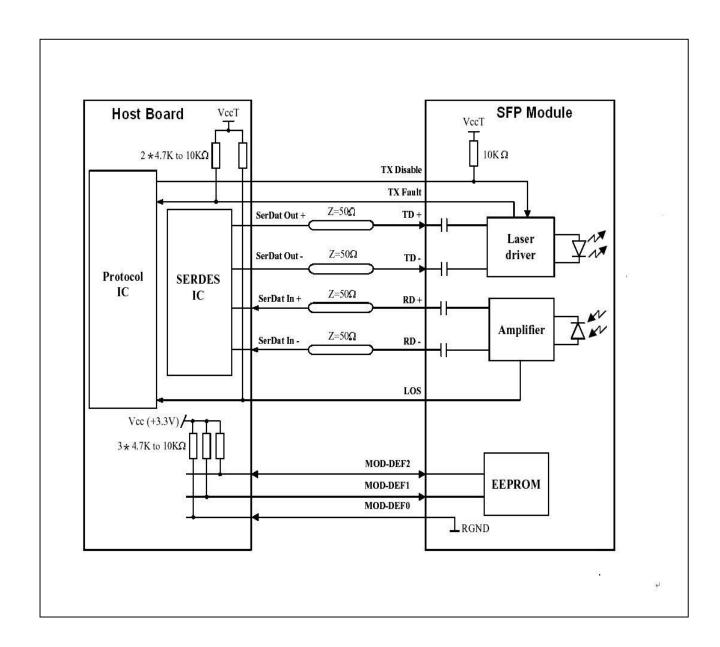
- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

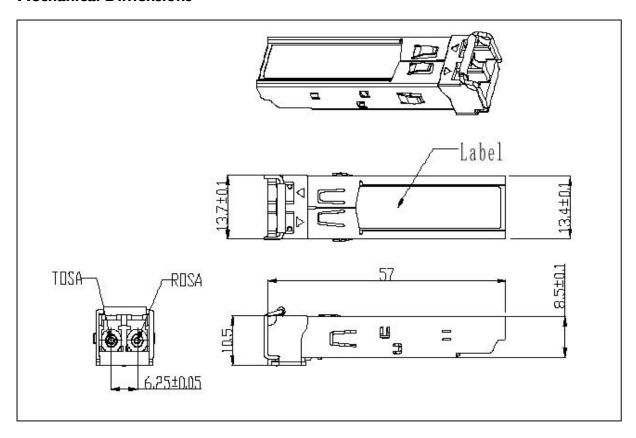
High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
 - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
 - Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
 - Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

Recommended Interface Circuit



Mechanical Dimensions



Regulatory Compliance

XENYA SFP transceiver is designed to be Class I Laser safety compliant and is certified per the following standards

Feature	Agency	Standard	Certificate / Comments
Laser Safety	FDA	CDRH 21 CFR 1040 annd Laser Notice No. 50	1120294-000
Product Safety	BST	EN 60825-1 : 2007 EN 60825-2 : 2004 EN 60950-1 : 2006	BT0905142002
Environmental protection	SGS	RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC	GZ0902008346/CHEM
EMC	CCIC	EN 55022 : 2006+A1 : 2007 EN 55024 : 1998+A1 : 2001+A2 : 2003	CTE09050018

Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description
XSCxxC-80LY	CWDM 1450nm~1610nm, 155Mbps, 80km, 0°C ~ +70°C, With
AGCAAC-OULT	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring

References

- I. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), September 2000.
- 2. Telcordia GR-253-CORE and ITU-T G.957 Specifications.

Important Notice

Performance figures, data and any illustrative material provided in this data sheet are typical and must be specifically confirmed in writing by XENYA before they become applicable to any particular order or contract. In accordance with the XENYA policy of continuous improvement specifications may change without notice.

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